UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

JAMES DREYFUSS,

08 CV 1115 (RJS)

Plaintiff,

-against-

ETELECARE GLOBAL SOLUTIONS-US, INC.,

Defendant.

DECLARATION OF ANDREW P. MARKS

Andrew P. Marks, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1746, declares as follows:

- 1. I am an attorney associated with the firm of Littler Mendelson, P.C., attorneys for Defendant eTelecare Global Solutions-US, Inc. I submit this declaration in support of Defendant's motion to compel arbitration or, in the alternative, to strike Plaintiff's jury demand.
- 2. Annexed hereto as Exhibit A is a true and accurate copy of Plaintiff James Dreyfuss' Complaint filed with the Court in February 2008.
- 3. Annexed hereto as Exhibit B is a true and accurate copy of the April 15, 2008 email correspondence from Plaintiff's attorney, Peter Jakab, to Andrew P. Marks.
- 4. Annexed hereto as Exhibit C is a true and accurate copy of the April 14, 2008 email correspondence from Andrew P. Marks to Peter Jakab.

I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 22-/ day of May, 2008, in New York, New York.

ANDŘEW P. MARKS

Firmwide:85022966.1 059182.1001

### **EXHIBITS TO MARKS DECLARATION**

Exhibit A Plaintiff James Dreyfuss' Complaint, filed February 2008

Exhibit B April 15, 2008 email correspondence from Plaintiff's attorney, Peter

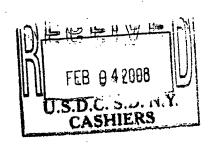
Jakab, to Andrew P. Marks

Exhibit C April 14, 2008 email correspondence from Andrew P. Marks to Plaintiff's

attorney, Peter Jakab

## **EXHIBIT A**

Peter Jakab (PJ-8553)
FEIN & JAKAB
THE WOOLWORTH BUILDING
233 Broadway • Suite 930
New York, NY 10279
212 732 9290 Ph
212 227 6479 Fx
Attorneys for Plaintiff
JAMES DREYFUSS



## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

JAMES DREYFUSS,

Plaintiff,

- against -

ETELECARE GLOBAL SOLUTIONS-US, INC., a Delaware corporation,

Defendant.

JUDGE SULLIVAN

**ECF CASE** 

0.8<sub>No.</sub>.CV 1115

**COMPLAINT** 

Plaintiff, James Dreyfuss, by and through his attorneys undersigned, as and for his Complaint alleges as follows:

#### **INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY**

- 1. This is an action for willful failure to pay employment wages in the form of sales commissions.
- 2. After working for the Defendant as its commission salesman for 3 years, Plaintiff was fired suddenly and without warning at a time just before: (a) his commissions were to be paid to him on his largest sales, and (b) large sales he'd been working on for almost a year were about to close.
- 3. After being so fired, Defendant has refused to pay Plaintiff any of his commissions.

#### **ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL COUNTS**

- 4. Traded on the NASDAQ exchange since it went public on March 28, 2007, Defendant operates in the field of business process outsourcing ("BPO"), providing its clients with domestic and/or overseas telephone banks manned with employees trained to provide services ranging from technical support to warranty support to customer service to sales, and other similar services.
- 5. From March 2004 until April 17, 2007, Plaintiff was a commission salesman for Defendant.
- 6. Defendant's sales cycle typically lasts between 6 and 18 months. This is because potential clients require that Defendant spend substantial time educating the client and assessing the feasibility of integrating Defendant's outsourced processes with the client's, and because purchasing decisions for Defendant's BPO services typically involve multiple client personnel from varied functional areas, such as customer acquisition, technology, operations, finance, customer service, and others, each having detailed requirements.
- 7. Following the long sales cycle, the implementation cycle is also long. It generally takes from 4 to 6 weeks t integrate a client's systems with Defendant's and up to 3 months thereafter to ramp up services to the client's initial requirements.
- 8. Thus, even after prospects are identified and sales contact made with appropriate executives of potential clients, Defendant's salespersons work between 1 and 2 years on an account before it begins to generate revenue for the Defendant.
- 9. Under Defendant's various commission policies in place over the years, its salespersons, like Plaintiff, are not paid commissions on their sales until the revenue stream begins and are paid a percentage of that revenue for the first two years the revenue is generated.

- 10. After starting with Defendant in March 2004, Plaintiff's diligent sales efforts bore fruit over the next 18 months to two years, especially with the addition of major new client programs sold by Plaintiff beginning to generate revenue for Defendant in late 2005 and early 2006. By the end of 2006, Plaintiff was the second largest revenue producer in Defendant's sales force, after Victor Sese, Defendant's largest producer.
- 11. With most of his earned commissions on these sold client programs scheduled to be paid to him by Defendant in 2007 and 2008, and with all of his work on these client programs already completed, Defendant terminated Plaintiff April 17, 2007 and has refused to pay him any commissions since the last quarter of 2006.
- 12. Defendant's firing of Plaintiff came on the eve of closing a major deal with Morgan Stanley Discover on which Plaintiff was the commission salesperson and on which Plaintiff had worked since early 2006.
- 13. Remarkably, Defendant did the same thing to Victor Sese, firing him the same day as Plaintiff and refusing to pay him any commissions after December 2006, thereby attempting to eliminate in a single day Defendant's two largest commission salespersons before most of their commission payments came due on sales already completed and/or substantially completed and about to close.
- 14. These firings took place just 3 weeks after Defendant went public in its March 28, 2007 IPO.
- 15. Defendant's conduct had the effect of avoiding the payment to these salespersons of several million dollars in commissions, representing a significant percentage of Defendant's most recent annual earnings figure of approximately \$19 million in 2006.
- 16. On information and belief, Defendant's management personnel involved in Plaintiff's firing personally stood to benefit from the additional earnings realized by the attempted savings in commissions by virtue of stock or stock options grants exercisable

following the end of the lock-up period after the March 28, 2007 IPO, or other compensation mechanisms tied to earnings.

17. In sum, Defendant: (a) has failed to pay Plaintiff commissions owed prior to firing in bad faith, (b) fired Plaintiff for the purpose of attempting to avoid payment to him of commissions on client programs already in place, and (c) fired Plaintiff for the purpose of attempting to eliminate his receipt of any commissions on Plaintiff's deals, such as Morgan Stanley Discover and Sprint, on which he'd worked for almost a year and were about to close.

#### PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 18. Plaintiff James Dreyfuss is an individual who at all times material hereto was a citizen of the State of New York employed in the State of New York by Defendant, working out of Mr. Dreyfuss's home office located in Manhattan.
- 19. Defendant is, on information and belief, a corporation chartered under the laws of the State of Delaware, with its domestic headquarters located in the Scottsdale, Arizona.
- 20. In personam jurisdiction exists over Defendant by virtue of the facts that Defendant employed Plaintiff within this District and conducted substantial business within this District through Plaintiff as its regional sales employee.
- 21. Subject matter jurisdiction is vested in this Court by virtue of 28 U.S.C.§1332 in that Plaintiff and Defendant are citizens of different states and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00.
  - 22. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C.§1391.

#### **FIRST COUNT**

(Breach of 2004 Contract)

- 23. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 24. Plaintiff and Defendant are parties to a valid contract of employment memorialized in an employment letter with attachments dated March 18, 2004 (the "2004 Contract").
  - 25. Plaintiff has fully performed under the 2004 Contract.
- 26. Defendant has breached the 2004 Contract by failing to pay certain commissions at all, failing to pay other commissions in full, and failing to pay other commissions timely.
  - 27. Defendant's breaches of the 2004 Contract were material breaches.
- 28. As the direct and proximate result of Defendant's material breaches of the 2004 Contract, Plaintiff has suffered damages in an amount to be proved at trial.

### SECOND COUNT Presch of 2006 Contract

- (Breach of 2006 Contract)
- 29. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 30. Plaintiff and Defendant are parties to a valid contract of employment memorialized in an employment letter with attachments executed by Plaintiff on about October 4, 2006 (the "2006 Contract").
  - 31. Plaintiff has fully performed under the 2006 Contract.
- 32. Defendant has breached the 2006 Contract by failing to pay certain commissions at all, failing to pay other commissions in full, and failing to pay other commissions timely.
  - 33. Defendant's breaches of the 2006 Contract were material breaches.

34. As the direct and proximate result of Defendant's material breaches of the 2006 Contract, Plaintiff has suffered damages in an amount to be proved at trial.

#### THIRD COUNT

(Violation of N.Y. Labor Law §§190 et seq.)

- 35. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 36. Under the 2004 Contract, commissions were to be paid monthly on or before the 10<sup>th</sup> of the month on all collected revenue from the previous month.
- 37. Defendant's payments of certain commissions to Plaintiff under the 2004 Contract were untimely under the 2004 Contract.
- 38. Defendant's payments of certain commissions to Plaintiff under the 2004 Contract were untimely in violation of N.Y. Labor Law §§ 190 et seq.
- 39. Further, Defendant has failed to pay substantial commissions under the 2004 Contract in violation of N.Y. Labor Law §§ 190 et seq.
- 40. Under the 2006 Contract, commissions were to be paid within 30 days from the end of the calendar quarter on invoiced commissionable revenue from the prior calendar quarter, subject to adjustment for actual collections.
- 41. Defendant's payments of certain commissions to Plaintiff under the 2006 Contract were untimely under the 2006 Contract.
- 42. Defendant's payments of certain commissions to Plaintiff under the 2006 Contract were untimely in violation of N.Y. Labor Law §§ 190 et seq.
- 43. Further, Defendant has failed to pay substantial commissions under the 2006 Contract in violation of N.Y. Labor Law §§ 190 et seq.

- 44. Defendant was obligated to pay Plaintiff commissions on revenues from programs sold by Plaintiff in 2007.
- 45. Defendant has failed to pay Plaintiff any commissions on revenues from programs sold by Plaintiff in 2007.
  - 46. Defendant's untimely commission payments described above were willful.
  - 47. Defendant's failures to pay commissions as described above were willful.
- 48. As the direct and proximate result of Defendant's conduct, Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount to be proved at trial.

## FOURTH COUNT (Quantum Meruit)

- 49. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 50. Following the expiration, by its terms, of the 2006 Contract on December 31, 2006, Plaintiff undertook work for the Defendant as its employee in the form and of the kind Plaintiff had been providing to Defendant as a salesperson since March 2004.
- 51. Plaintiff undertook such work with the reasonable expectation of compensation at or about the compensation levels Plaintiff had been receiving for comparable work he'd performed for Defendant under the 2004 Contract and under the 2006 Contract.
- 52. Defendant accepted Plaintiff's work in 2007 with the awareness that Plaintiff expected to be compensated for such work at or about the compensation levels that Plaintiff had been receiving for work he had performed for the Defendant under the 2004 Contract and under the 2006 Contract.
- 53. Defendant materially benefited from Plaintiff's work undertaken in 2007, which was valuable to Defendant in bringing about revenues.

- 54. Plaintiff has not been compensated adequately for his above-described work in 2007 on behalf of Defendant as its commission sales employee.
- 55. Plaintiff is entitled to recover the reasonable value of his services undertaken in 2007, as described above, in an amount to be proved at trial.

## FIFTH COUNT (Unjust Enrichment)

- 56. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 57. As set forth above, the sales and implementation cycles for Defendant's products and services are long, spanning between one and two years from initial sales presentations to first revenues.
- 58. As a commission salesperson in Defendant's employ, Plaintiff worked to sell and implement Defendant's products and service through the lengthy sales and implementation cycles in exchange for compensation of which the largest part by far was commissions based on revenues.
- 59. Plaintiff was fired by Defendant at a time when most of the commissions from Plaintiff's sales were still due to be paid throughout 2007 and 2008.
- 60. Defendant thus reaped the benefits of Plaintiff's sales and sales efforts in respect of Defendant's products and services while attempting to avoid paying Plaintiff commissions on those sales by firing him before those commissions were due.
- 61. Defendant's firing of Plaintiff was with the primary purpose and intent of depriving him of his earned commissions.
- 62. Accordingly, Defendant's conduct, if permitted to stand, would result in Defendant's unjust enrichment by an amount to be proved at trial.

#### SIXTH COUNT

(Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing)

- 63. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 64. Implied in all contracts, such as those between Plaintiff and Defendant herein, written, oral or implied, is a covenant that one contracting party will not deprive the other, in bad faith, of benefits to be garnered under the contract.
- 65. Defendant's firing of Plaintiff was a bad faith attempt to deprive Plaintiff of his earned commissions.
- 66. By terminating Plaintiff's employment under the circumstances alleged herein, Defendant will deprive Plaintiff, in bad faith, of the commissions he would have earned under the contracts, written, oral or implied, as alleged herein.
- 67. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's bad faith conduct, Plaintiff has been damaged in the form of unpaid commissions in an amount to be proved at trial.

## SEVENTH COUNT (Promissory Estoppel)

- 68. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 69. At various times throughout his employment by Defendant as a commission salesperson, Defendant's authorized representatives as Plaintiff's immediate superior made promises to Plaintiff that the terms governing Plaintiff's entitlement to commissions for sales he made would, through the commissionable life of the deal, remain those terms in place at the time of the sale.
  - 70. These promises were made orally as well as in writing.
  - 71. Plaintiff relied on these promises to his detriment.

- 72. Defendant has breached these promises to Plaintiff by failing and refusing to pay the remainder of the commissions due Plaintiff.
  - 73. Defendant's breaches of these promises were material breaches.
- 74. As the direct and proximate result of Defendant's material breaches of these promises, Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount to be proved at trial.

#### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE Plaintiff prays this Court award Plaintiff judgment against Defendant as follows:

- 1. For compensatory damages in an amount to be proved at trial;
- 2. For penalties pursuant to N.Y. Labor Law §198, including liquidated damages equal to 25% of the total amount of the wages found to be due;
- 3. For pre- and post-judgment interest at the New York statutory rate of 9% per annum;
- For costs and expenses of suit, including reasonable attorney's fees, pursuant to N.Y.
   Labor Law §198
- 5. For such other and further relief as to this court appears just and proper.

Dated:

New York, New York February 4, 2008

Respectfully,

FEIN & JAKAB
THE WOOLWORTH BUILDING
233 Broadway • Suite 930
New York, NX 10279
(212) 732-9220

By:

PETER JAKAB (PJ-8553)

Attorneys for Plaintiff JAMES DREYFUSS

Peter Jakab (PJ-8553)
FEIN & JAKAB
THE WOOLWORTH BUILDING
233 Broadway • Suite 930
New York, NY 10279
212 732 9290 Ph
212 227 6479 Fx
Attorneys for Plaintiff
JAMES DREYFUSS

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

JAMES DREYFUSS.

Plaintiff,

- against -

ETELECARE GLOBAL SOLUTIONS-US, INC., a Delaware corporation,

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

**ECF CASE** 

Case No.:

Defendant.

Plaintiff, James Dreyfuss, by and through his attorneys undersigned, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38, hereby demands trial by jury of all claims and issues so triable.

Dated:

New York, New York February 4, 2008

Respectfully,

FEIN & JAKAB
THE WOOLWORTH BUILDING
233 Broadway • Suite 930
New York, NY 10279
(212) 732-9290

By:

PETER JAKAB (PJ-8553)

Attorneys for Pidintiff
JAMES DREYFUSS

Filed 05/27/2008 Page 13 of 14

JS 44C/SDNY REV. 12/2005

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of

PLAINTIFFSJAMES DR	IEYFUSS		DEFENDANTSETELE	CARE GLOBAL SOLUTI	ONSUS, INC.
	•				
ATTORNEYS (FIRM NA FEIN & JAKAB, 233 10279, (212) 732-92	AME. ADDRESS. AND TE Broadway - Suite 93 290	LEPHONE NUMBER 0, New York, NY	ATTORNEYS (IF KNO	OWN)	
CAUSE OF ACTION (CI Breach of Contract,	пе тне u.s. civil sтатите Failure to pay Wage	UNDER WHICH YOU ARE S	FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF	F STATEMENT OF CAUSE)	
Has this or a similar cas	e been previously filed in	SDNY at any time? No	【 Yes?	riously Assigned	
If yes, was this case Vo	Invol. Dismissed	I. No Yes D If yes	s, give date	_ & Case N	o
(PLACE AN [x] IN ONE	BOX ONLY)	NATUR	E OF SUIT		
		•		ACTIONS UNDER STATUTES	
	TORT	<b>s</b>	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
[ ] 110 INSURANCE [ ] 120 MARINE [ ] 130 MILLER ACT [ ] 140 NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT [ ] 150 RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENT & ENFORCEMENT OF JUDGMENT [ ] 151 MEDICARE ACT [ ] 152 RECOVERY OF DEFAULTED STUDENT LOANS (EXCL VETERANS) [ ] 153 RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENT OF VETERANS BENEFITS [ ] 160 STOCKHOLDERS SUITS [ ] 190 OTHER CONTRACT [ ] 195 FRANCHISE  REAL PROPERTY [ ] 210 LAND CONDEMNATION   ] 220 FORECLOSURE   ] 230 RENT LEASE &	PERSONAL INJURY  [ ] 310 AIRPLANE [ ] 315 AIRPLANE PRODUCT LIABILITY [ ] 320 ASSAULT, LIBEL & SLANDER [ ] 330 FEDERAL EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY [ ] 340 MARINE PRODUCT LIABILITY [ ] 355 MOTOR VEHICLE PRODUCT LIABILITY [ ] 356 MOTOR VEHICLE PRODUCT LIABILITY [ ] 360 OTHER PERSONAL INJURY   ACTIONS UNDER STATUTES  CIVIL RIGHTS [ ] 441 VOTING [ ] 442 EMPLOYMENT [ ] 443 HOUSING ACCOMMODATIONS [ ] 444 WELFARE [ ] 445 AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES EMPLOYMENT [ ] 446 AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES - OTHER [ ] 440 OTHER CIVIL RIGHTS	PERSONAL INJURY  [] 362 PERSONAL INJURY-MED MALPRACTICE [] 365 PERSONAL INJURY PRODUCT LABILITY  [] 368 ASSESTOS PERSONAL INJURY PRODUCT LABILITY  PERSONAL PROPERTY  [] 370 OTHER FRAUD [] 371 TRUTH IN LENDING [] 380 OTHER PERSONAL PROPERTY DAMAGE PROPERTY DAMAGE PROPERTY DAMAGE PROPUCT LIABILITY  PRISONER PETITIONS  [] 510 MOTIONS TO VACATE SENTENCE 28 USC 2255 [] 550 HABEAS CORPUS [] 540 MANDAMUS & OTHER [] 550 CIVIL RIGHTS [] 555 PRISON CONDITION	SEIZURE OF PROPERTY 21 USC 881 AL [ ] 630 LIQUOR LAWS [ ] 640 RR & TRUCK [ ] 650 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY/HEALTH [ ] 690 OTHER  LABOR  [ ] 710 FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT [ ] 720 LABORMGMT RELATIONS [ ] 730 LABORMGMT REPORTING & DISCLOSURE ACT	. N.Y.	[ ] 400 STATE REAPPORTIONME [ ] 410 ANTITRUST [ ] 430 BANKS & BANKIN [ ] 450 COMMERCE/ICC RATES/ETC [ ] 460 DEPORTATION [ ] 470 RACKETEER INFL ENCED & CORRU ORGANIZATION A (RICO) [ ] 480 CONSUMER CREE [ ] 490 CABLE/SATELLITI [ ] 810 SELECTIVE SERV [ ] 850 SECURITIES/ COMMODITIES/ EXCHANGE [ ] 875 CUSTOMER CHALLENGE 1 2 USC 3410 [ ] 891 AGRICULTURE AC [ ] 892 ECONOMIC STABILIZATION ACT [ ] 893 ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS [ ] 894 ENERGY ALLOCATION ACT [ ] 895 FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT [ ] 990 APPEAL OF FEE DETERMINATION UNDER EQUIAL AC TO JUSTICE [ ] 950 CONSTITUTIONALI [ ] 890 OTHER STATUTOR ACTIONS
Check if demanded	A CLASS ACTION	DO YOU CLAIM	THIS CASE IS RELATED	TO A CIVIL CASE NOW	PENDING IN S.D.N.Y.
CHECK IF THIS IS: UNDER F.R.C.P. 23	3	IF SO, STATE:			

(PLACE AN x IN ON	VE BOX	ONLY)		ORIGIN			··	**************************************	
1 Original Proceeding	☐ 2a. ☐ 2b.	State Court Removed from S		om 4 Reinstated		Transferred from (Specify District)		tidistrict	7 Appeal to Di Judge from Magistrate J
(PLACE AN X IN ON	VE BOX	AND at least one ONLY)	party is a pro se litigant	ASIS OF JURIS	DICTION			IE DIVEDOR	Judgment
1 U.S. PLAINTIF	F 🗆 2	U.S. DEFEN	DANT 3 FED	ERAL QUESTION . NOT A PARTY)		VERSITY		IF DIVERSIT CITIZENSHI (28 USC 133	P BELOW.
		CITIZENS	HIP OF PRINCI	PAL PARTIES	(FOR DIVI	ERSITY CAS	SES ONL	Y)	
(Place an [X] i	in one bo		and one box for Defe				•		
CITIZEN OF THIS STATI	_	PTF DEF	CITIZEN OR SUBJE FOREIGN COUNT		PTF DEF	INCORPOI OF BUSIN	RATED <u>and</u> P	RINCIPAL PLACE HER STATE	PTF DEF
CITIZEN OF ANOTHER S	STATE [	[]2 []2	INCORPORATED OF	PRINCIPAL PLACE THIS STATE	[]4 []4	FOREIGN I	NATION		[]6 []6
PLAINTIFF(S) ADD JAMES DREYFUS	RESS(E SS, NEV	S) AND CO W YORK CO	UNTY(IES) DUNTY				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
								•	
	•					•			
ETELECARE GLO Suite 100, Scottsda	BAL S( ale, AZ,	OLUTIONS 85260	US, INC., a De	laware corpora	tion with p	rincipal offic	es located	J at 8901 E.	Raintree,
DEFENDANT(S) AD REPRESENTATIO RESIDENCE ADDRES	N IS HEF	REBY MADE "	THAT, AT THIS TIMI	E, I HAVE BEEN U S:	NABLE, WIT	TH REASONAE	LE DILIGEI	NCE, TO ASCE	RTAIN THE
				•					
		***		• •	, `			•	
: · · · -									
	·							•	
Check one: THIS A	ACTION T check	SHOULD either box if th	BE ASSIGNED is a PRISONER PE	TO: WI	HITE PL	AINS [	FOLE	Y SQUAF	RE
DATE S 2/4/08 RECEIPT #	SCHATO	RE OF ATTO	RNEY OF RECORD	•	1 [ ] 1 [ ]	IITTED TO PR NO YES (DATE AD They Bar Code	MITTED M		
Magistrate Judge (s	s to be	designated	by the Clerk of ti	he Court.					
Magistrate Judge _				*		is	so Desig	ınated.	
J Michael McMahor	n, Clerk	of Court by	у	_ Deputy Clerk,	DATED_			·	
UNITED STATES DIS	STRICT	COURT (NE	W YORK SOUTH	ERN)					····

# EXHIBIT B

#### Marks, Andrew P.

From: Peter Jakab [pjakab@earthlink.net]

**Sent:** Tuesday, April 15, 2008 9:50 AM

To: Marks, Andrew P.

Subject: Re: Dreyfuss v. Etelecare

Thank you for your proposal below, which we will consider. But an accurate statement of my position based on what you have shown me is this:

The document you have advanced as the "arbitration agreement" was never seen or signed by Mr. Dreyfuss nor was it signed by your client. You have admitted that your client just substituted pages 2 through 5 into it based on its belief that those pages were "the ones it was using in that timeframe." Mr. Dreyfuss strongly disagrees with this. While there apparently was a document that Mr. Dreyfuss was required to sign back in 2004 as a condition of his employment that addressed the subject of arbitration, you have not provided a copy of that document and Mr. Dreyfuss has no copy of it. Accordingly, I have no way of knowing its terms. Mr. Dreyfuss never received any document addressing the subject of arbitration signed by your client and has always believed there was none.

#### --Pete Jakab

Peter Jakab
FEIN & JAKAB
The Woolworth Building
233 Broadway: Suite 930
New York, NY 10279
212/732-9290 Ph
212/227-6479 Fx
pjakab@earthlink.net

## **EXHIBIT C**

On Apr 14, 2008, at 2:32 PM, Marks, Andrew P. wrote:

You have acknowledged that Mr. Dreyfuss agreed to arbitrate disputes with eTelecare but contend that he did not agree to the procedures contained in pages two through five. To avoid unnecessary time and expense associated with a motion to compel, we would agree to conduct the arbitration pursuant to the JAMS Employment Arbitration Rules and Procedures. Kindly provide the favor of your reply as soon as practicable.

#### Andrew P. Marks | Littler Mendelson, P.C.

The National Employment & Labor Law Firm®

dir: 212.583.2661 | fax: 646.219.5794

885 Third Avenuel New York, New York 10022

amarks@littler.com | www.littler.com